

– improvement of enterprise management organizational structure mainly by appliance of modern flexible forms (adaptive, program-aimed etc);

– information system improvement for a company managing in order to elevate information quality and expanding of its immediate usage possibility;

– automatization means and computing technologies usage to upgrade technical-economic level and production quality (robot-based application, flexible productive sites);

– exertion of the world experience as well as cooperation with foreign partners for necessary level system development quality providing.

The lack of financial resources in the management system is one of the main problems of Ukrainian companies. However, according to scientists' point of view, money invested in management improvement usually satisfies itself in a very short period.

So, to increase the efficiency of a business activity through the management system, all necessary instruments are used, which will affect the enterprise development.

Iryna Vashchuk, Anastasiia Havryliuk

Research supervisor: Bohdan Adamyk

Candidate in Economics, Associate Professor,

Language tutor: Oleksandra Duda

Candidate of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor

Ternopil National Economic University

ENSURING STABILITY OF UKRAINIAN BANKING SYSTEM IN CONTEXT OF INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATION

The stability of banks determines the competitiveness of the economy, therefore the issue of optimizing the institutional structure of the Ukrainian banking system, including a result of the foreign capital expansion, is important. Since 2005 in the banking system of Ukraine the share of foreign banking capital has increased significantly, whose impact on the economy is not unambiguous. In turn, the institutional transformations of the banking

sector directly affect the capitalization of the banking system and the financial support of national economy.

The analysis of the stability of the banking sector is devoted to the works of such researchers: F. Allen, D. Diamond, O. Dzyublyuk, H. Minsky, I. Lyuty, K. Pavlyuk, L. Pylypenko, T. Smovzhenko, O. Vladymyr and others. The problem of identifying the mechanisms and instruments for restoration and ensuring the stability of the national Ukrainian banking system requires further elaboration based on empirical research. Evaluation of the impact of institutional reforms of the Ukrainian banking system on its stability, identification the mechanisms to ensure its sustainability and competitiveness.

Based on the sample of data the influence of structural changes of the banking system on its sustainability was analysed. The indicator of the regulatory capital was used as a proxy for financial sustainability of the banking system.

The increasing the number of banks with foreign capital has a positive effect on the adequacy of regulatory capital of the banking system, the increasing the number of banks with national capital is negative. This suggests when performing the certain conditions expansion of foreign banks can be used as a tool for ensuring stability and efficiency of the banking system.

So, we can corroborate the extremely negative dynamics of the main indicators of development of the Ukrainian banking system. This is a consequence of the accumulated macroeconomic imbalances, deficiencies in the legal system of regulation of the relations between commercial banks and consumers of banking services, the low level of capitalization of the banking institutions, irrational structure of assets and liabilities of the banking system, the lack of transparency and the low efficiency of their activities, the lack of competition, the presence of system risk, imperfect control and monitoring systems, low levels of corporate governance, the lack of high-quality anti-crisis strategy in development of the banking and financial sector, corruption and unfair competition, etc. Another important factor is the political and social instability.

We can expect that the further purification of the banking system will continue. Despite of the NBU reforms the banking institutions in Ukraine haven't started to perform their basic functions, aimed at the transformation

of financial flows in order to create conditions for the growth of social and economic welfare. Consequently, the above represented implementation of measures are a necessary precondition for the stabilization of the national banking system, along with the political and social stability.

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Alina Vinyarchuk

Research supervisor: Roman Voloshyn

Candidate of Economic Sciences, Associate Professor

Language tutor: Bilohorka Liliana

Lecturer

Ternopil National Economic University

AGRARIAN RELATIONS AND THEIR DEVELOPMENT IN MODERN CONDITIONS

Today, agricultural production and the Ukrainian agro-industrial complex as a whole are at the center of public attention, since our already poorly-off the table has recently become particularly impoverished, food prices have soared - such phenomena are causing great concern to the Ukrainian population and exacerbate social tension.