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ACHIEVING THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS IN CHINA

International Humanitarian Order is getting more difficult today. New participants in international relations. Global and regional organizations and their representative offices, international funds, other communities implementing "soft influence" in foreign affairs. The main task will be overview of results in the implementation of the SDGs UN People's Republic of China. Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) - a set of goals for the future international cooperation that replaced the Millennium Development Goals in end of 2015. In China, a sustainable development has absolute recognition. His foreign aid model is different from the western. Europe and the USA historically focused on financing medical and educational initiatives, while stimulating growth and activity civil society. Plan for the implementation of the Goals sustainable development is the first national plan that establishes areas of activity and defines specific targeted measures. In it all-round outlined China's development policy and efforts countries to help others developing countries in the process global implementation of the Sustainable development of the United Nations. At the round table Li Keqiang declared that the ultimate goal of China's modernization is the construction of the 1.3 billionth prosperous society.

In 2015, at the UN summit on sustainable development, China promised allocate \$2 billion for the implementation of the program SDGs. Proposed flagship strategy Chinese Belt and Road Initiative provides for cooperation in medical sphere.

In 2014, China committed provide \$47 million in liquidation assistance Ebola outbreak in West Africa. China one of the first to fulfill its financial obligations.

November 8, 2012 at the 18th The Chinese National Congress of the CPC formulated complex task of building an "environmental civilization" and "beautiful China" as an integral part of further economic, cultural and social sustainable development of the Chinese nation.

In April 2015, the State Council of the People's Republic of China published an action plan to prevent and fight against water pollution", containing 238 concrete measures, including 136 improvement measures and strengthening the work being done.

In June 2015, China transferred to Secretariat of the United Nations Framework Convention on climate change document "Strengthening climate action changes - an independent national China's contribution.

In the past 15 years, China has led global efforts to achieve the Goals Millennium Development, saving about 400 million people out of poverty by lowering child under-five mortality by two-thirds and mortality of pregnant women by three-quarters.

China has also created the largest network welfare and care for the elderly people in the world.

China has incorporated the Development Goals into program in their national plans, trying to get the poor out of the poverty by 2020 - ten years earlier target date to promote deliver people from poverty and hunger, providing care for women and children, and as well as secure housing.

China supports more active role of the UN in the implementation of the Agenda in areas of sustainable development for the period up to 2030 year, in addition to the principal amount of the level of 2015 year promises to allocate an additional 100 million US dollars in aid for institutions United Nations in the field of development by 2020. Also in over the next three years donations China to the Global Fund to Combat AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria will reach 18 million US dollars. Even at a glance, looking at position of the PRC in the implementation of the SDGs, it can be noted trend of proactive participation, confident support for every initiative of the global project. Probably, according to foreign policy concept of China, namely through participation in humanitarian programs, soft the presence and influence of the state on all other issues on the international agenda.

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THE OPPORTUNITIES AND COUNTERMEASURES OF DIGITAL ECONOMY DEVELOPING IN THE POST-EPIDEMIC ERA

In 2020, the COVID-19 swept the world, more than 120 million cases were confirmed worldwide, which exert significant impact on the economy of all countries. The innovation and development of the new generation of information technology has played an important role in the control of epidemic situation and the recovery of production. The development of digital economy in the post-epidemic era is an important measure to promote economic recovery, meanwhile it also brings new opportunities for the comprehensive digital transformation of China's economy. This paper analyzes the problems of digital economy in the epidemic situation, and puts for-